

- 1) Under liberal economies, individuals have equality of
 - (A) status
 - (B) power
 - (C) opportunity
 - (D) remuneration

- 2) In a collectivist society, individuals work for the good of
 - (A) the state
 - (B) themselves
 - (C) the community
 - (D) the environment

- 3) A strongly liberal government would **most likely** intervene in the economy in order to perform which of the following actions?
 - (A) Set standards for food safety
 - (B) Impose minimum wage laws
 - (C) Support a failing business during a recession
 - (D) Prevent a lumber company from clear-cutting a forest

- 4) What type of government does Canada have?
 - (A) A federal republic
 - (B) A liberal democracy
 - (C) An absolute monarchy
 - (D) An enlightened autocracy

- 5) The principle of the rule of law means that
 - (A) no one is above the law
 - (B) citizens must obey the law
 - (C) the government can make new laws
 - (D) the law courts judge the validity of laws

- 6) The concept of providing the greatest benefit to the greatest number of people is known as the
 - (A) common goal
 - (B) common good
 - (C) collective goal
 - (D) collective good

7)

- Use of sentencing circles
- Candidates with no political party affiliation
- Society being more important than the individual

The given ideas and actions are best matched with which philosophy?

- (A) Postmodernism
- (B) Classic liberalism
- (C) Modern liberalism
- (D) Aboriginal collective thought

8) In collectivist societies, goods are distributed according to

- (A) need
- (B) contribution
- (C) personal wealth
- (D) the hierarchy of professions

A magazine writer wants to write an article on Canadian identity. The writer goes to a busy downtown transit stop and asks passersby for their opinions on Canadian society.



Speaker I

We Canadians care for our fellow citizens. If someone is sick, injured, poor, or unemployed, the government has programs in place to take care of them. And isn't it the government's job to look after its citizens? Imagine living in the United States, where medical bills can leave people deeply in debt. Living in Canada is way better.

—Aiden, computer technician



Speaker II

When I came to Canada, I did not own much more than the clothes I was wearing. But I worked hard and saved money until I could afford to open my own restaurant. Now look at me—three restaurants, a nice house, and I can afford to send my kids to university. That never could have happened in the country I used to live in. Coming to Canada was the best choice I have ever made.

—Amy, restaurant owner



Speaker III

I travel a lot, and everywhere I go, people are friendly when they find out that I am a Canadian. Canada is respected around the world for its fairness, tolerance, and commitment to peace and freedom. We are everyone's friend, and it makes me proud to be Canadian.

—Ibrahim, business executive



Speaker IV

Canada is the best! We have the best food, the best sports, the best music, the best television shows, and the best people. Our country has some of the most beautiful wilderness areas in the world. We have tons of festivals and art shows, so there is always lots of stuff to do. I would never want to live anywhere else.

—Katja, pharmacist

- 9) All four speakers display elements of which ideology?
- (A) Liberalism
 - (B) Nationalism
 - (C) Internationalism
 - (D) Environmentalism

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- 10) Speaker III would **most likely** oppose which of the following government initiatives?
- (A) Deploying peacekeeping forces to war-torn areas
 - (B) Erecting a monument honouring Second World War veterans
 - (C) Imposing trade sanctions against countries that violate human rights
 - (D) Condemning developing nations for using environmentally unsafe practices

Four workers in four different factories were asked what motivated them in their jobs.

Speaker I

I am proud to work here because I know that I am helping my country. If our nation is to become great, every citizen must contribute. Those who cannot or will not contribute are justly punished; a strong society cannot afford to support the weak.

Speaker II

When I first started working here, my labour only profited the factory's owners. Now, it is the workers who own and operate the factory, and it is the workers who profit. The goods I make will help my fellow citizens. With every citizen working together, no one will lack for anything.

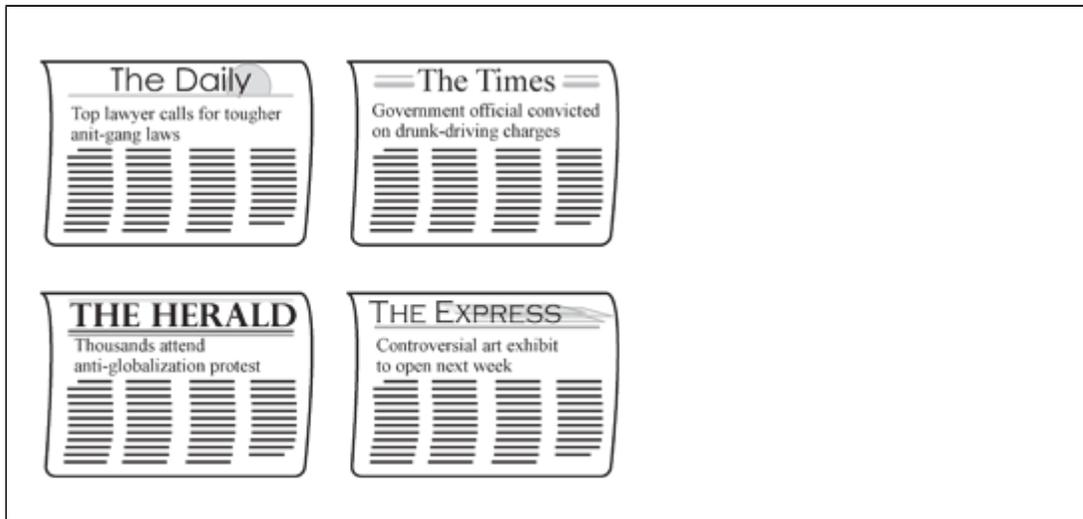
Speaker III

I like working as part of a community. We do not have to rely on outsiders to survive. We are totally self-sufficient. My coworkers are also my family. I know I can rely on them, just as they can rely on me.

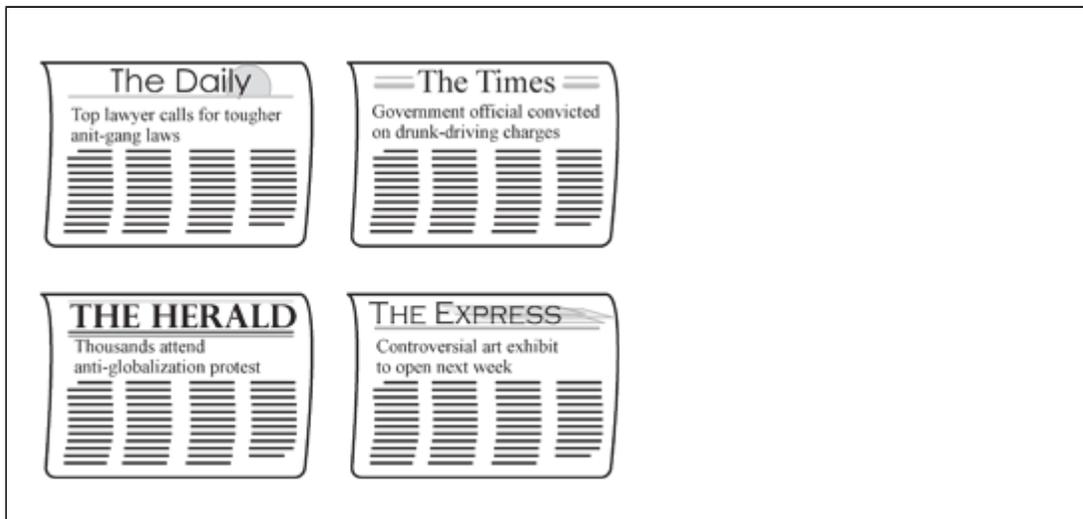
Speaker IV

I work hard so that I can provide for myself and my family. I earn enough here that we can live comfortably. And who knows? If I work hard enough, I may earn a promotion and get a higher salary.

- 11) Which speaker adheres to a totalitarian ideology?
- (A) Speaker I
 - (B) Speaker II
 - (C) Speaker III
 - (D) Speaker IV



- 12) The headline in The Herald **best** illustrates the principle of the freedom of
- (A) speech
 - (B) religion
 - (C) thought
 - (D) assembly



- 13) The given headlines **most likely** occur in a
- (A) communist state
 - (B) feudal monarchy
 - (C) totalitarian nation
 - (D) liberal democracy

Social Studies 30
Issue 1 Quiz B

“Yes, well there are a lot of bleeding hearts around who just don’t like to see people with helmets and guns. All I can say is, go on and bleed, but it is more important to keep law and order in the society than to be worried about weak-kneed people...I think the society must take every means at its disposal to defend itself against the emergence of a parallel power which defies the elected power in this country and I think that goes to any distance.”

—Pierre Trudeau, October 13th, 1970

- 14) Which of the following acts would have allowed Prime Minister Trudeau to act in the manner that he described in the given source?
- (A) PATRIOT Act
 - (B) Emergencies Act
 - (C) War Measures Act
 - (D) Anti-Terrorism Act

Speaker I

Economic equality is essential if a country is to maintain order among its citizens. All people have a right to a roof over their head and to know they will not be hungry. It shouldn't matter that this equality is not necessarily achieved through labour equality, the collective goal should be to improve society as a whole and if that means some people may contribute more than others, so be it. Classes among society are simply intolerable.

Speaker II

The notion that equality and universal access to all things deemed "necessary" is a basic right is preposterous. The knowledge that someone who works hard day after day will receive the same benefits as someone who doesn't will promote apathy and provides no incentive for personal responsibility. People should have to work for what they have; it should not be handed to them.

Speaker III

In order for society to function at its utmost potential, people need to follow what society expects of them. Although people may have their own opinions and beliefs about political, social, or economic issues, they should understand that a country needs to have a united front. As a result, it is in a country's best interest for its citizens to keep their personal opinions private and support the party line.

Speaker IV

Expecting someone to stay quiet about their deeply held beliefs on serious issues will only result in inevitable revolution. The ability for a person to express their opinions in a peaceful manner, even if it is different from the ideas of the majority is an essential part of a successful society. Human beings do not like to be suppressed and it's important to guarantee that within reason, they won't be. Overall, society will be better for it.

- 15) Which of the speakers would **most likely** agree with the statement "From each according to his ability, to each according to his needs"?
- (A) Speaker I
 - (B) Speaker II
 - (C) Speaker III
 - (D) Speaker IV

Speaker I

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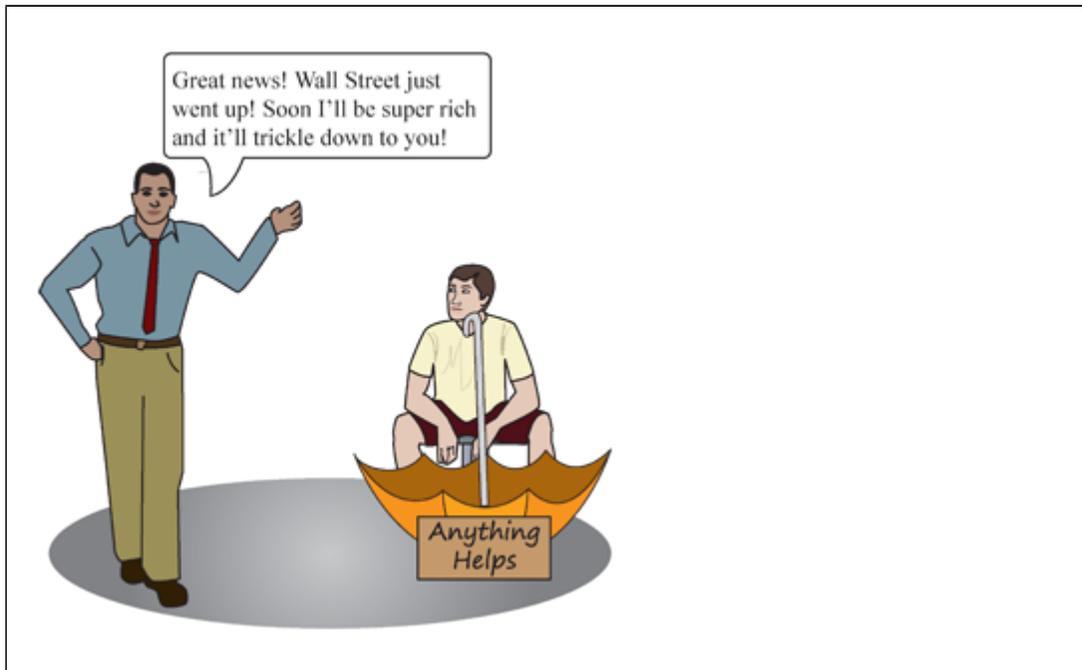
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- 16) The speaker who is **most supportive** of a country's citizens adhering to collective norms is
- (A) Speaker I
 - (B) Speaker II
 - (C) Speaker III
 - (D) Speaker IV

Social Studies 30
Issue 1 Quiz B



- 17) The economic policy referred to in the cartoon is
- (A) stagflation
 - (B) monetarism
 - (C) command economics
 - (D) supply-side economics

“It took more than a year of partisan bickering, deal making and amendments, but the U.S. Congress has approved sweeping changes to the way health care is delivered in the United States.

Despite the passage of legislation by both the Senate and the House of Representatives, the United States political establishment remains bitterly divided over the American health-care system. The almost \$1-trillion bill that will eventually extend coverage to as many as 32 million previously uninsured Americans passed without a single Republican vote.

It’s the first time in U.S. history that such a major piece of legislation has been approved solely on the votes of the governing party.

Opponents of the bill derided it as a march to Canadian-style “socialized medicine,” arguing that it gives the government too much say over the way health care is delivered.

“This isn’t radical reform,” U.S. President Barack Obama said after the legislation was approved on March 21, 2010, “but it is major reform.”

While the legislation will soon ensure that more people than ever have access to health insurance, the new rules will mean the U.S. remains the only industrialized nation in the world without universal health-care coverage.”

- 18) Those opposing the bill in the source would **most likely** be classified as
- (A) collectivists
 - (B) modern liberals
 - (C) classical liberals
 - (D) neoconservatives

Example I

The owner of a major stationary supply chain sets up a food bank style outlet for school supplies in a low income area for the month of September.

Example II

A wealthy business owner buys several investment properties in areas where there is a depressed real estate market.

Example III

A traditional agricultural communal society decides to allow some members to obtain employment outside the community.

Example IV

A right wing government decides to eliminate child care subsidies to middle class families.

- 19) Which of the examples listed **most likely** describes a person or society that would consider providing for the common good the main priority?
- (A) Example I
 - (B) Example II
 - (C) Example III
 - (D) Example IV

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- 20) The two examples that show **both** the inclusion of collectivist and individualist ideology within society are
- (A) examples I and II
 - (B) examples I and III
 - (C) examples II and IV
 - (D) examples III and IV