

- 1) In 1949, NATO was created by the West as
 - (A) an organization to help the Soviet Union after the Second World War
 - (B) a military alliance designed to defend against attack from the Soviet Union
 - (C) a group of nations to work with the Soviet Union in nuclear disarmament talks
 - (D) an early warning system by the United States to monitor incoming missiles from the Soviet Union

- 2) What is the **main** significance of Solidarity's victory in Poland?
 - (A) It signalled the end of Communist rule in Poland.
 - (B) It inspired a wave of pro-democracy movements in other Warsaw Pact nations.
 - (C) It was the first time that a free and fair election was held in a Warsaw Pact nation.
 - (D) It demonstrated that communism was extremely unpopular in Warsaw Pact nations.

- 3) How did Solidarity gain control of the Polish government?
 - (A) They were voted in democratically
 - (B) They seized control in a violent coup.
 - (C) They took over after the Communist government fled.
 - (D) They were granted power by Soviet General Secretary Gorbachev.

- 4) In recent times, which of the following events has contributed **most** to increased democratization?
 - (A) Regime changes in the Middle East
 - (B) The decolonization of the African continent
 - (C) The collapse of communism in eastern Europe
 - (D) The overthrow of dictatorships in Central America

- 5) The **primary** leader of the civil-rights movement in the United States was
 - (A) Malcolm X
 - (B) Sojourner Truth
 - (C) Stokely Carmichael
 - (D) Martin Luther King Jr.

- 6) Which of the following forms of protest is **illegal**?
 - (A) Riots
 - (B) Rallies
 - (C) Marches
 - (D) Boycotts

- 7) Jean-Jacques Rousseau would be **most** associated with which of the following statements?
- (A) People are rational, reasonable, and intelligent and government exists solely to protect life, liberty, and property
 - (B) People are inherently good and free and every citizen should have a voice in the government and in the creation of laws
 - (C) An absolute monarchy is wrong and all people should be equal, represented by an accountable, democratic government
 - (D) While people are not evil, they are selfish, and need to voluntarily surrender their individual freedoms to the state to ensure the security of all citizens
- 8) Whose economic theories brought about the economic thinking that is referred to as Reaganomics?
- (A) Karl Marx
 - (B) Adam Smith
 - (C) Milton Friedman
 - (D) John Maynard Keynes
- 9) In general, for which of the following reasons is civility important to a community?
- (A) It protects private property from destruction and theft.
 - (B) It allows large numbers of people to live together peacefully.
 - (C) It allows parents to pass their beliefs and morals to their children.
 - (D) It ensures that no one in the community is impolite to anyone else.
- 10) If a politician is said to be practising McCarthyism, what behaviour is he or she engaging in?
- (A) Exploiting people's fears of communism for political gain
 - (B) Accusing opponents of treason or disloyalty without proof
 - (C) Fighting against any possible infiltration by hostile ideologies
 - (D) Inventing stories of imminent danger to influence public opinion
- 11) The goal of the Truman Doctrine was the
- (A) dissuasion of Soviet nuclear attacks
 - (B) non-alignment of Soviet satellite states
 - (C) expansion of the Soviet sphere of influence
 - (D) containment of Soviet communist influence

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Issue 4 Quiz A

- 12) Which of the following ideologies is **least likely** to be linked to an anti-war movement?
- (A) Pacifism
 - (B) Humanitarianism
 - (C) Environmentalism
 - (D) Anti-globalization
- 13) The period of reduced tensions, from the mid-1960's to 1979, was called
- (A) detente
 - (B) alignment
 - (C) deterrence
 - (D) brinkmanship
- 14) The economic freedom of classical liberalism and the social responsibility of modern liberalism are most at odds when contrasting
- (A) social programs and welfare programs
 - (B) consumerism and social programs
 - (C) capitalism and consumerism
 - (D) collectivism and socialism

Four Canadians were asked what they would change about Canadian society.

Speaker I

I think that many citizens need to be more considerate of other people. People are out there driving like maniacs, listening to their music so loud it hurts people's ears, smoking in public places, littering ... the list goes on and on. I guess there is no law against being inconsiderate, but that does not mean you should be.

Speaker II

Canadian citizens need to show a little national pride. As far as I am concerned, Canada is the best county in the world, and I am not afraid to show it. There is no harm in getting out there and waving the flag once in a while, and not just on Canada Day.

Speaker III

Although Canada is pretty good at taking care of those in need, charity is still important. A tiny fraction of your time or money can make all the difference in the world to someone who is ill, lonely, or hungry. If we all pitched in to help one another, we could make Canada a place where no one suffers needlessly.

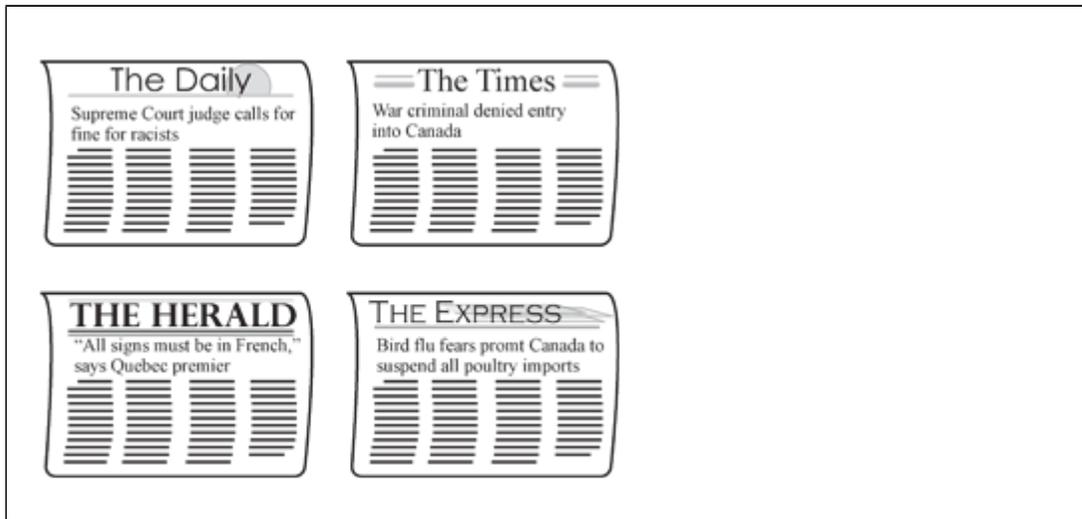
Speaker IV

One thing that really gets on my nerves is people who complain about taxes. Taxes benefit everyone. They provide money to pave the roads, clean the streets, and maintain the parks, among other things. How else are our children going to get a quality education? How else are we going to maintain our military? Personally, I have no problem at all paying taxes.

- 15) Which speaker's views concern citizens' rights?
- (A) Speaker I
 - (B) Speaker II
 - (C) Speaker III
 - (D) Speaker IV

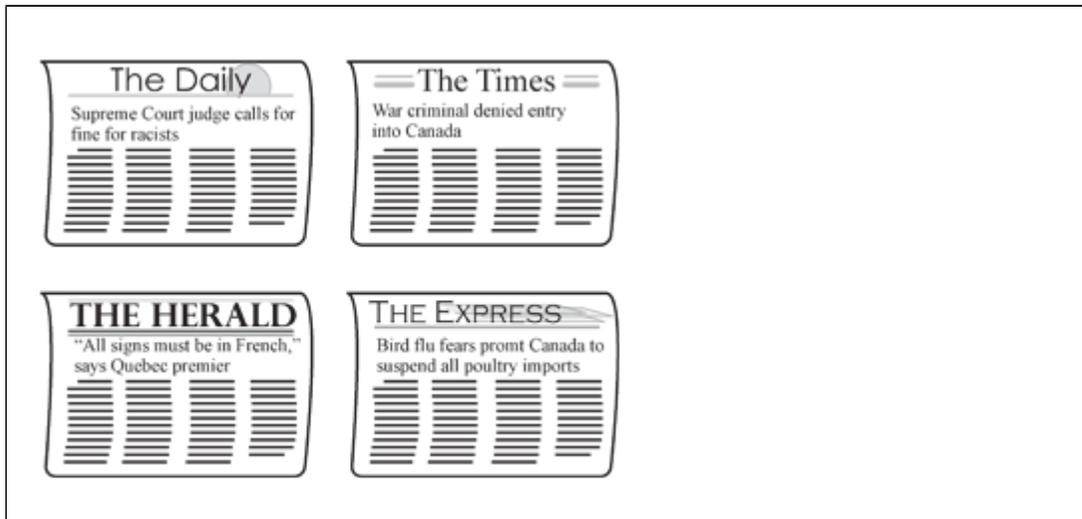
We now recognize that it was wrong to separate children from rich and vibrant cultures and traditions that it created a void in many lives and communities, and we apologize for having done this.
We now recognize that in separating children from their families, we undermined the ability of many to adequately parent their own children and sowed the seeds for generations to follow, and we apologize for having done this.
We now recognize that, far too often, these institutions gave rise to abuse or neglect and were inadequately controlled, and we apologize for failing to protect you.
—Prime Minister Stephen Harper, June 11, 2008

- 16) Which of the following government actions was similar to the one reflected in the source?
- (A) Prime Minister Trudeau apologizing for the arrests made during the October Crisis
 - (B) Prime Minister Martin apologizing for the arrests made during the September 11 Crisis
 - (C) Prime Minister Chretien apologizing for the internment of Ukrainian Canadians during the First World War.
 - (D) Prime Minister Mulroney apologizing for the internment of Japanese Canadians during the Second World War.



- 17) Quebec could pass a law for all signs to be in French because
- (A) Quebec has its own Charter of Rights and Freedoms
 - (B) language rights are not guaranteed in the Constitution
 - (C) Quebec could employ the notwithstanding clause in the Constitution
 - (D) language laws are a provincial matter according to the Charter of Rights and Freedoms

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Issue 4 Quiz A



18) Which headline is **least likely** to occur in Canada?

- (A) The Daily
- (B) The Times
- (C) The Herald
- (D) The Express

Canada's Liberal government is rushing to enact an "anti-terrorism" bill that breaks with key tenets of British-Canadian jurisprudence – tenets historically –developed in the struggle against arbitrary and unfettered executive power.

Bill C-36 establishes a new order of "terrorist" crimes for which the state will have special investigative and prosecutorial powers. These include preventive detention – i.e. the right to incarcerate people on the mere suspicion they may be about to commit a crime; a new police power to compel testimony from anyone they believe has information pertinent to a terrorism investigation; closed trials; and a right of the prosecution, with a judge's approval, to deny an accused and his counsel full knowledge of the evidence against him.

The definition of terrorism around which the legislation is constructed is so broad that it could be used to prosecute trade unionists involved in an illegal strike or those engaged in civil disobedience.

Bill C-36 also greatly increases police powers of surveillance, while dramatically increasing the government's prerogative to suppress information about its activities.

- 19) The writer's view in the source is that Canadian Government action after September 2001 is
- (A) going too far in dealing with the issue of terrorism
 - (B) weakening laws in dealing with the issue of terrorism
 - (C) reinforcing laws in dealing with the issue of terrorism
 - (D) not going far enough in dealing with the issue terrorism

Speaker I

I obey the laws and expect others to do the same.

Speaker II

I believe in my right to protest and disobey laws that I consider unjust, hoping to bring about change.

Speaker III

I believe we all have the duty to participate in our nation, including voting and serving jury duty.

Speaker IV

I believe that for large numbers of people to live together, we each must respect common decency and conduct ourselves appropriately.

- 20) Which speaker places a high value on civility in society?
- (A) Speaker I
 - (B) Speaker II
 - (C) Speaker III
 - (D) Speaker IV