

- 1) The International Conference on Crime Reduction, which was held in Banff, Alberta in October 2007, is an example of
- (A) corporate activism
 - (B) consumer activism
 - (C) pro-globalization activism
 - (D) anti-globalization activism
- 2) "Not too long ago, teenagers were concerned with sock hops and having enough money to buy the latest Elvis hit on LP. Today, teens know more about the world around them than ever before. They see images of violence, sex, and war on TV and are forced to filter messages from every angle. The Internet has made access to information instantaneous and communication around the world simple and fast. The world is at their fingertips and we have a responsibility to make sure that it is something we want them to grab hold of."
- The main point being raised by the quote is that
- (A) teenagers of previous generations were spoiled and carefree
 - (B) today's teenagers are smarter than teenagers of fifty years ago because of their access to technology
 - (C) globalization has led to an increase in technology and communication available to today's teenagers
 - (D) teenagers of the 21st century are exposed to images of all types and need guidance to filter what they are seeing and hearing

3)

Country	Trading Information
Canada	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Major exports include newsprint, timber, and grain • Major imports include petroleum, motor vehicles, cotton, and computers • Major trading partners include USA, Japan, and the United Kingdom
USA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Major export include automobiles, industrial supplies, machinery, computer software, foods, and consumer goods • Major imports include lumber, industrial raw materials, petroleum, and coffee
Japan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Major exports include motor vehicles, computers, consumer electronics, and manufactured goods • Major trading partners include USA, Canada, and Mexico
Mexico	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Major exports include crude oil, oil products, coffee, and cotton • Major imports include grain, machinery, computers, and electronics • Major trading partners include USA, Canada, and Japan

Which of the following concepts is most clearly demonstrated by the information on the given chart?

- (A) Global diversity
- (B) Global interdependence
- (C) Global economic disparity
- (D) Global competition for raw materials

- 4) Which one of the following designs has the greatest potential as a long-term, practical, and environmentally friendly automobile design?
- (A) An all-electric car
 - (B) A car that runs on hydrogen extracted from water by solar or wind power
 - (C) A fuel-cell car that uses hydrogen from methanol found in cattle manure
 - (D) A hybrid car that contains both an electric motor and a gasoline-powered internal combustion engine
- 5) Which of the following terms best describes the way in which Canada deals with the many cultures that exist in the country?
- (A) Cultural isolation
 - (B) Cultural pluralism
 - (C) Cultural segregation
 - (D) Cultural assimilation
- 6) An example of conflict resulting from the close ties of cultures to the land is
- (A) Aboriginal land claims in North America
 - (B) the growth of the world's human population
 - (C) lobby groups for preservation of the rainforests
 - (D) the desire for countries to govern themselves independently
- 7) An example of an environmental stewardship program is
- (A) organized protests against deforestation in South America
 - (B) aid given to countries experiencing natural disasters such as drought
 - (C) government rebates for people who purchase high efficiency appliances
 - (D) research at scientific organizations to determine the level of CO₂ emissions in the developing world
- 8) "I dream of living in a country that is independent, free, and democratic; a country with economic prosperity yet social justice; a country that hold periodic, free, open, and fair elections. I want to live in a humane country where the government serves the individual, and therefore always retains the strong support of citizens. I want to belong to a nation of well-rounded people; because without such people, it is impossible to solve any serious problems, whether they're medical, economic, ecological, social, or political."
- The given statement mentions all of the following aspects of quality of life **except**
- (A) cultural factors
 - (B) political stability
 - (C) standard of living
 - (D) human rights considerations

- 9) The **primary** goal of NAFTA is to achieve economic
- (A) security through nationalization
 - (B) equality through sharing technologies
 - (C) cooperation through closer trade links
 - (D) prosperity through global competition
- 10) Consumers in the developed world love a bargain. Unfortunately, this often comes at a great cost for people living thousands of miles away. People must realize that when they purchase a t-shirt at a large retail outlet for \$5.99, they are likely contributing to a vicious cycle of poverty and worker exploitation in a developing country. Seeking out products in a just and humane manner is not that hard to do. It's time we started demanding the proper treatment of workers around the world and the best way to do that is with our wallets.
- The speaker in the source is suggesting that consumers in the developed world can improve the working conditions in the developing world by
- (A) donating more money to charities that help people
 - (B) boycotting products produced in foreign countries
 - (C) buying fair trade products instead of mass produced ones
 - (D) demanding that their governments provide more aid to developing countries

11) **Speaker I** - I was taken from my parents and forced to change my name and cut my hair. I wasn't allowed to speak my language or practice my religion. Our school was run by nuns and priests and some of my friends were hurt by these people. As an adult, I am trying to come to terms with the treatment I received there and regain some of the knowledge of my culture that I have lost.

Speaker II - Just over a decade ago in my country, the laws of the land stated that people like me were not worthy of the same human rights as everyone else. We weren't allowed to go to university or seek medical help at the good hospitals. Finally, in 1994, apartheid was abolished and we were allowed to vote—it was a day I will remember forever.

Speaker III - Although I don't remember it, my grandmother often tells me of what life was like in my country before independence. The economy had suffered because we weren't allowed to sell our goods abroad and there were so many poor people. She is very proud of the fact that such a peace-loving man was able to bring about major change in the country and he is now known around the world.

Speaker IV - I wish everyone would understand how much the loss of our culture has hurt my people. On my reserve, there are so many broken people, but there are also some leaders who are trying to help us regain pride in our heritage. I know that if we can be viewed as equals in government and in society, we can then work on repairing the damage that has been done over the last 200 years. The speaker whose country attempted to address the issues through the Truth and Reconciliation Commission was

- (A) Speaker I
- (B) Speaker II
- (C) Speaker III
- (D) Speaker IV

12) Which of the following global concerns is correctly matched with a corresponding response taken by Canada to remedy it?

- (A) Global economic disparity → Creation of CIDA
- (B) Nuclear proliferation → Sale of CANDU nuclear reactors to India
- (C) Global refugee crisis → Admission of more business-class immigrants
- (D) Global warming → Use of economic sanctions against the apartheid regime in South Africa

13) Which term refers to a form of society in which the members of minority groups maintain their independent cultural traditions while still participating and learning the traditions of the majority?

- (A) Integration
- (B) Just society
- (C) Melting pot
- (D) Biculturalism

- 14) European nationalists often express the fear that the movement to greater unity through membership in the European Union represents a threat to their nations'
- (A) air, army, and naval forces
 - (B) international trade positions
 - (C) democratic political institutions
 - (D) economic and cultural independence
- 15) During the "Scramble for Africa,"
- (A) African rebel groups engaged in civil wars as they tried to gain control of areas that were once European colonies
 - (B) African tribes fought violently to gain influence in many countries on the continent
 - (C) European empires quickly colonized and took over all but two African countries
 - (D) European governments began to give up control in their colonies in Africa
- 16) Our ancestors agreed, through the treaties, to share the land in the spirit of mutual benefit, that our respective peoples might continue to contribute and flourish as nations. These treaties enhanced the existing foundation of our relationship with the newcomers, defining how we would continue to live and share the land while acknowledging and respecting our diversities. Somehow, along the way, Crown interpretations of Treaty changed. The original "nation to nation" relationship of mutual sharing and respect, began to shift to one that fostered colonization, dependency, loss of self-determination and mobility. The negative impacts of colonization are far more extensive than can be listed here. The quote suggests that when the treaties were signed, First Nations people
- (A) agreed to sign the treaties but really did not understand what they were giving up
 - (B) were tricked into believing that the government would look after their needs and respect their culture
 - (C) believed that the government did not have their best interests in mind but felt they had little choice but to sign the treaties
 - (D) were able to find agreement with the Europeans about a way to respect cultural differences and live together in North America

17) **Some Facts About HIV**

I—The number of people living with HIV worldwide has increased steadily over the last 10 years.

II—Treatment to slow the effects of HIV is far superior in developed countries than in developing countries.

III—Approximately 1% of the world's adult population is infected with HIV.

IV—Africa, Asia, and Latin America have the most people living with HIV.

(Facts from the UN Report on the global AIDS epidemic, 2006)

—Source: www.unaids.org/en/HIV_data/epi2006/2006EpiUpdatePressKit_en.asp

Taken together, all of the facts in the source provide evidence that HIV

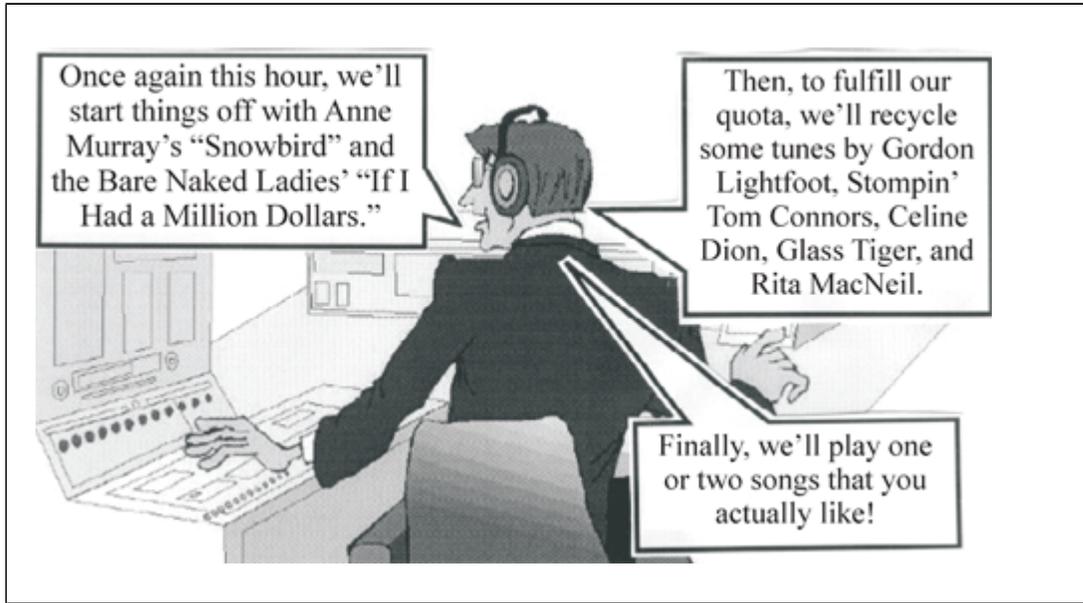
- (A) is a pandemic
- (B) has no known cure
- (C) is highly contagious
- (D) only affects developing countries

18) Which of the following organizations and agreements is an example of an attempt at trade liberalization between countries?

- (A) IMF
- (B) NAFTA
- (C) World Bank
- (D) United Nations



- 19) Which of the following methods of expressing identity is being depicted in the cartoon?
- (A) Attire
 - (B) Religion
 - (C) Language
 - (D) Role modelling



- 20) Which of the following people would **most strongly** disagree with the cartoon's message?
- (A) An American rock star
 - (B) A Canadian cultural protectionist
 - (C) A supporter of free trade with the USA
 - (D) The owner and general manager of a Canadian radio network